SURGICAL TREATMENT OF PATIENTS WITH FRONTONASAL DYSPLASIA (DFN): CASE REPORT

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INTRODUCTION: Frontonasal dysplasia (DFN) represents a heterogeneous and rare anomaly characterized mainly by abnormalities affecting the eyes, nose and frontal region of the face. Ocular hypertelorbitism and some degree of bifid nose are common findings of this anomaly. OBJECTIVE: The objective of this work is to demonstrate through a case study the importance of the role of a multidisciplinary team in rehabilitation of patients with rare craniofacial anomalies. CLINICAL REPORTING: Female patient, now 17 years old, diagnosed DFN with increasing distance intra-orbital, double nose, accompanied by the 13 years since the Craniofacial team of HRAC. The proposed treatment consisted of an intracranial surgery for the approximation of the orbits and nasal correction, and monitoring orthodontic. CONCLUSION: From the moment of diagnosis of malformation up throughout life, these patients are accompanied by a range of professionals, such as doctors and dentists. Try with this clinical report, highlight how essential it is the work of a multidisciplinary team that quit ethics and shared responsibility for complex cases are rehabilitated after treatment esthetically and functionally.